Housing Discrimination Complaint

Case Number:

1. Complainants:

Cora Robinson

2. Complainant Representatives:

Ursula Lindsey
Fair Housing Advocates of Northern California
1314 Lincoln Ave., Ste. A
San Rafael, CA 94901

- 3. Other Aggrieved Parties:
- 4. The following is alleged to have occurred or is about to occur:
 - Discriminatory financing (includes real estate transactions)
- 5. The alleged violation occurred because of:
 - Race
- 6. Address and location of the property in question (or if no property is involved, the city and state where the discrimination occurred):

5924 Marin Luther King Jr. Way Oakland, CA 94609

7. Respondents:

Class Valuation LLC c/o Golden State Documents Inc. - Registered Agent 8229 W. Manchester Ave. #5 Playa Del Ray, CA 90293 Scott Reed
Broker Solutions Inc. dba Kind Lending
c/o CSC Lawyers Incorporating Service - Registered Agent
2710 Gateway Oaks Dr., Ste. 150N
Sacramento, CA 95833

Thomas Kearney 8008 Kelok Way Clayton, CA 94517

Broker Solutions Inc. dba Kind Lending c/o CSC Lawyers Incorporating Service - Registered Agent 2710 Gateway Oaks Dr., Ste. 150N Sacramento, CA 95833

8. The following is a brief and concise statement of the facts regarding the alleged violation:

Complainant is Cora Robinson, who is Black. Respondents are Thomas Kearney (Certified Residential Real Estate Appraiser, #AR027019), Class Valuation LLC (appraisal management company), Broker Solutions dba Kind Lending (lending company), Scott Reed (lender's agent). Complainant owns and resides in the subject property, a duplex, which she was attempting to refinance. Complainant alleges irregularities in the appraisal ordered by Broker Solutions dba Kind Lending in connection with Complainant's race.

In August 2020, prior to applying to refinance with Broker Solutions dba Kind Lending, Ms. Robinson applied to refinance with a different lender. The previous lender ordered an appraisal through Class Valuation LLC, which sent Mr. Kearney to conduct the appraisal. In the previous appraisal, Mr. Kearney personally met with both Ms. Robinson and the upper unit tenant, and became aware that they are both Black. In this previous appraisal, Mr. Kearney undervalued the subject property and refused to change the appraisal value following a request for Reconsideration of Value (ROV).

On October 21, 2020, Ms. Robinson pursued a refinance with Respondent Broker Solutions dba Kind Lending, who also ordered an appraisal from Class Valuation LLC. However, the appraiser failed to file an appraisal report or provide an explanation as to why no report was filed. Subsequentally, Class Valuation LLC then assigned Mr. Kearney to appraise the subject property for a second time, three months after his first appraisal, despite the fact that Ms. Robinson requested a ROV on his first appraisal. On November 14, 2020, without contacting Ms. Robinson or re-inspecting the subject property, Mr. Kearney issued another appraisal report, valuing the subject property at \$825,000, which Complainant alleges undervalued the property. On December 15, 2020, Ms. Robinson spoke with Respondent Reed, expressing her belief that the low valuation and dissimilar comparators were due to racial bias. Ms.

Robinson then provided Respondent Reed addresses of three comparable sales. Subsequently, Respondents returned a ROV with no change in value on January 12, 2021. In response to the ROV, Respondent Kearney stated with regards to a proposed comparable property, "The property is almost in the Rockridge market area that historically demands higher value than the subject's immediate market area." Complainant alleges Respondent Reed and Broker Solutions dba Kind Lending ignored the issues with the appraisal and denied the refinance loan due to the low appraisal value.

In this appraisal, Mr. Kearney used seven of the nine problematic comparable properties that he used in the first report. He replaced two of the comparable sales from the first report and added an additional comparable sale. Rather than choose similar properties that had recently sold within the blocks surrounding the subject property, all three of the new comparable sales were even further south than those they had replaced, which is an area that has a higher percentage of Black residents and has been historically undervalued. Some of the physical differences of the southern neighborhoods include an increase in homeless encampments, liquor stores, trash on the sidewalk, greater structural neglect, and other markers of poverty.

Ms. Robinson applied again for a refinance with an alternate bank. The appraisal ordered by that lender conducted in February 2021, appraised the subject property's value at \$1,239,000. The alternate appraiser included comparable sales from a radius around the subject property, including comparable sales from each cardinal direction. In particular, the alternate appraiser used an August 2020 comparable sale of a property located 0.25 miles northwest that was not included in Respondents' appraisal. Mr. Kearney did not include this property, which sold for \$1,600,000. Further, among other differences, the other appraiser correctly considered Complainant's property as having five bedrooms rather than four that Mr. Kearney put in his report. Based on the alternate lender's appraisal, Ms. Robinson was able to close a refinance loan.

At the time of the appraisal, Ms. Robinson had an adjustable mortgage under which the rate could vacillate between 6.75% and 13%. In October 2020, Ms. Robinson was quoted a rate of 2.87% for the prospective refinance loan, which was denied, forcing Ms. Robinson to continue paying a higher mortgage.

Complainant believes Broker Solutions dba Kind Lending accepted an appraisal with clear errors and a low valuation as a means to deny a loan on the basis of race and is indicative of a pattern of engaging in discriminatory financing on the basis of race. Additionally, Complainant alleges that Respondent Kearney employs a practice of refusing to consider comparative properties in neighborhoods that historically had higher home prices than the subject neighborhood, despite the current state of home values in either neighborhood, which Complainant alleges has a disparate impact on Black homeowners in neighborhoods that have been historically undervalued due to discriminatory housing practices, such as redlining. Further, Complainant also alleges that the lender's neutral practice of denying a loan application based on a low

appraisal, when the appraisal contains errors that are known or should be known by the lender, disproportionately impacts Black people. The disparate impact occurs because appraisals on Black people's homes tend to contain more errors than those of White people and return lower home values than for comparable properties owned by White people.

9. The most recent date on which the alleged discrimination occurred:

January 12, 2021

- 10. Types of Federal Funding Identified:
- 11. The acts alleged in this complaint, if proven, may constitute a violation of the following sections:

805 of Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 as amended by the Fair Housing Act of 1988.

Please sign and date this form:

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read this complaint (including any attachments) and that it is true and correct.

Cora Robinson

Date

N O T E: HUD WILL FURNISH A COPY OF THIS COMPLAINT TO THE PERSON OR ORGANIZATION AGAINST WHOM IT IS FILED.

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